Subject Matter	Bolivia	Chile	Colombia	Costa Rica
Purpose of the Management of Investments	Funds must be invested in the best interests of members, with the due care required of a good family man and in accordance with principles of safety, liquidity, yield and diversification.		resources, the fund managers must invest them under the conditions and within the limits established by the national government, which	Principles related to investment management. Pruden administration: The assets of the funds managed by the regulated entities must be managed based on the care and loyalty duties defined in the Corporate Governance Regulations with high ethical, professional and technical standards, in pursui of the best interests for the members and pensioners, within a framework of risk management (Article 7 of the Asse Management Regulation). Regulated entities, seeking the benefit members and pensioners, and seeking a balance between performance and the risks assumed.
of the Pension Fund Managers in the companies in which	define the investment limits by generic type of instrument, by issuer, by category, risk levels and liquidity, as well as the treatment of excess investment, transactions, custody, conflicts of interest and unauthorized transactions. However, they do not contain specific rules concerning the liabilities and rights of the Pension Fund Managers in the companies in which they invest the pension funds. Obtainment of	of companies and assemblies of investment fund contributors, with the duty of expressing an opinion in the matters discussed • There are requirements and rules and regulations for the election of candidates for director in the companies in which the funds invest; these must be registered in a registry of the Superintendency. • There are also conditions to be met by candidates to the position of director, in order to avoid conflicts of interest. • Fund managers can act jointly, but cannot participate or interfere in the management of the companies.	pension funds, when the participation of the four funds is understood to be "relevant"; (ii) Ensure that the interests of members always prevail and exercise political rights in accordance with the policies adopted by their Boards of Directors; (iii) Document the analyses and instructions they impart to their representatives for the exercising of political rights; (iv) Participate in the appointment of members of the Board of Directors of the issuers of securities in which they invest; (v) Not control the actions of the members of the Board of Directors whose election they promote or support; and (vi) Ensure that the issuers that the mandatory pension funds invest in have standards of corporate governance that comply with the internal policies of the AFPs.	Assembly may not vote in the election of the Board of Directors of the corporation. For the purpose of the majorities required
Subject Matter	El Salvador	Mexico	Peru	
Purpose of the Management of Investments	Obtainment of adequate returns in conditions of safety, liquidity and risk diversification; any other purpose is contrary to the interests of the pension funds.	workers.  Increase domestic savings and contribute to the development of a market of long-term instruments suitable to the pension system.  Investments must be made exclusively to promote national productive activity, job creation, housing	The Law does not directly indicate the objectives that the administrators must have in the investments of the pension funds. It does define the general objectives of each type of fund. Thus, the investments of the Type 0 Fund or Capital Protection Fund seek to maintain a stable balance by protecting the size of the fund, while Type 1 Fund or Capital Preservation Fund investments seek stable growth with low volatility. Investments of the Type 2 Fund or Mixed Fund seek moderate growth with medium volatility, while the investments of the Type 3 Fund or Capital Appreciation Fund seek a high level of growth of the Fund with high volatility.	
Rights and liabilities of the fund managers in the companies in which they invest the pension funds	obligate the latter to: buy or replace the acquired securities if they do not meet the agreed conditions; define a mechanism for price calculation or replacement of securities; and set the time frame and form of execution of the transaction. The fund managers must make all the efforts allowed by the respective applicable legal provisions and with the diligence that they would normally employ in their own business affairs, for safeguarding the management of	of the Pension Savings Systems, published on December 7, 2011, states that the Fund Managers must: (i) Define the way in which they will exercise the corporate rights of shareholders in companies; (ii) Define the mechanism for appointing independent directors on the Boards of Directors, who must have professional experience as independent directors, abide by the code of ethics defined by the Investment Committee of the Pension Fund Investment Company (SIEFORE); and (iii) Define the policies to be applied when the SIEFORE decides not to	Appointment of representatives to exercise on behalf of the funds the rights and obligations in shares and securities that grant proprietary rights, subject to good corporate governance practices, and ensuring that they are adopted in the companies.  Obligation to express an opinion at meetings, stating their votes for the record.  Superintendency regulates conditions to be met by representatives, rules for the election of directors in companies, and sanctions.  Prohibition to vote for candidates who are shareholders, directors, managers or employees of a Fund Manager.	

## Table 11.1b

## Rights and liabilities of the Pension Fund Managers in the companies in which they invest the pension funds (December 2022)

Subject Matter	Dominican Republic	Uruguay
Purpose of Investment Management	members; any other purpose is illegal  Returns and risks being equal, the fund manager must prioritize activities that optimize the impact on job creation, housing construction and the promotion of industrial and agricultural activities.	,
Rights and liabilities of the Pension Fund Managers in the companies in which they invest the pension funds	of directors of companies, in order to avoid conflicts of interest.  The Fund Managers, on behalf of the funds, must be included in the Board of Directors when the investment exceeds 10% of the issuer.	The Fund Managers must report to the Central Bank the topics discussed and the resolutions adopted by the assemblies they have attended.

Source: FIAP.